Congress of the United States

Washington, DC 20515

February 20, 2025

The Honorable Robert F. Kennedy Secretary U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 200 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20201 The Honorable Stephanie Carlton Acting Administrator Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services 7500 Security Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21244

Dear Secretary Kennedy and Acting Administrator Carlton:

We write to express deep concerns by reports that the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation (CMMI) will no longer collect data from its payment model participants on race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity, and preferred language; and that CMMI will remove all requirements for CMMI payment models to submit health equity plans, which are aimed at measuring and addressing health disparities.¹

Established by Congress in 2010, CMMI is tasked with identifying ways to improve health care quality and reduce costs in Medicare, Medicaid, and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), which together provide quality, affordable health care coverage to over 146 million individuals² in the United States. CMMI has created models to enhance chronic disease prevention and improve care coordination for major causes of morbidity and mortality in the United States, including cancer, diabetes, dementia, and maternal mortality.

For example, the Accountable Health Communities Model aimed to bridge a critical gap between clinical care and community services in the health care delivery system by testing whether systematically identifying and addressing the health-related social needs of Medicare and Medicaid beneficiaries through screening, referral, and community navigation services could reduce health care costs and utilization.³ The model showcased how underserved racial and ethnic populations received more navigation support and addressed their health-related social needs, which in turn resulted in significant reductions in Medicare expenditures.

Healthcare providers, scientific researchers, and policy experts, including the American Medical Association⁴, National Academy of Medicine⁵, and National Health Law Program⁶, agree that comprehensive and appropriate collection of demographic data is crucial to address health disparities and improve population health overall. Knowing a patient's race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity, and preferred language allows for the identification of differences in outcomes, access, enrollment, patient experience, and utilization of services. This data can be utilized to tailor healthcare interventions to specific groups and to inform future decision-making in healthcare service delivery and policy.

In addition, CMMI's decision to change platforms and revise model documents incurs costs. The switch to new data collection systems likely entails further implementation and evaluation costs, overshadowing any supposed maintenance savings. This decision might not only negate the initial investment already made but could also introduce new administrative burdens on staff and model participants.

¹ <u>https://subscriber.politicopro.com/article/2025/02/cmmi-to-scrap-data-collection-on-race-gender-00203659</u>

² <u>https://www.cms.gov/about-cms</u>

³ <u>https://www.cms.gov/priorities/innovation/innovation-models/ahcm</u>

⁴ <u>https://www.ama-assn.org/delivering-care/health-equity/demographic-data-can-identify-health-inequities-here-s-how</u>

⁵ <u>https://nam.edu/programs/value-science-driven-health-care/collecting-data-to-ensure-equity-in-payment-policy/</u>

⁶ <u>https://healthlaw.org/resource/risks-and-rewards-of-demographic-data-collection-how-effective-data-privacy-can-promote-health-equity/</u>

We urge the Administration to take swift action to reverse course and fully reinstate the following policies and models under CMMI:

- 1. The collection of demographic data payment model participants on race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity and preferred language.
- 2. The requirement for payment models to submit health equity plans.
- 3. The Accountable Care Organization Realizing Equity, Access, and Community Health (ACO REACH) Model, which will test an innovative payment approach to better support care delivery and coordination for patients in underserved communities and will require that all model participants develop and implement a robust health equity plan to identify underserved communities and implement initiatives to measurably reduce health disparities within their beneficiary populations.

We also request that CMMI, the Congressional Budget Office, and Office of Budget and Management conduct actuary evaluations and project the costs associated with these changes. This assessment should include impacts on independent models and the overall CMMI portfolio, particularly focusing on various communities and demographics that will be affected, including beneficiaries, caregivers and providers.

The United States spends more on healthcare care costs yet has worse health outcomes compared to peer nations.⁷ CMMI plays a vital role to address concerns about quality of care and inefficient spending in our healthcare system. Addressing health disparities benefits all Americans by creating a healthier population, boosting the economy through reduced healthcare costs and increased productivity⁸, and ensuring that everyone, regardless of their background, has the opportunity to live a long, healthy life.⁹

Sincerely,

Nanette Diaz Barragán

Nanette Diaz Barragán Member of Congress

N Tokule

J**J** Tokuda Member of Congress

Sheila Cherfilus-McCormick Member of Congress

- he

Dwight Evans Member of Congress

Grace Meng

Member of Congress

. Sewell

Terri A. Sewell Member of Congress

⁷ <u>https://www.kff.org/health-policy-101-health-care-costs-and-affordability/</u>

⁸ <u>https://www.asanet.org/wp-content/uploads/race_statement.pdf</u>

⁹ <u>https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/article-abstract/2804818</u>

Berne Workoul rlema

Bonnie Watson Coleman Member of Congress

Adriano Espaillat Member of Congress

Eleano H. Noton

Eleanor Holmes Norton Member of Congress

Pramila Jayapal Member of Congress

Jed W. Lien

Ted W. Lieu Member of Congress

Mobin Kel

Robin L. Kelly Member of Congress

n' Hanel

Shri Thanedar Member of Congress

Jesus & Ga

Jesús G. "Chuy" García Member of Congress

Yvette D. Clarke

Vette D. Clarke Member of Congress

Emanuel Cleaver, II Member of Congress

Darren Soto Member of Congress

Gilbert Ray Cisneros, Jr

Gilbert Ray Cisneros, Jr Member of Congress

Dave Min

Member of Congress

LaMonica McIver Member of Congress